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## UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. CONFIRMATION NO.		
09/334,387	06/16/1999	TAKASHI DATE	9281/3347 5276		
757 7:	590 11/20/2002				
BRINKS HO	FER GILSON & LIONE	EXAMINER			
P.O. BOX 1039		QI, ZHI QIANG			
CHICAGO, IL 60611			(,) ==== (,,		
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			2871		
			DATE MAILED: 11/20/2002		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		T						
_		Application No.		Applicant(s)				
		09/334,387		DATE ET AL.				
	Office Action Summary	Examiner		Art Unit				
		Mike Qi		2871				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply								
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).  - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).								
Status	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 12 (	Santambar 2002						
1)[								
2a)⊠	This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) ☐ This action is non-final.							
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.  Disposition of Claims								
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-6</u> is/are pending in the application.								
•	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
	Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
·	6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-6</u> is/are rejected.							
7)	Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
8)□	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	or election require	ment.					
Applicati	on Papers							
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.								
10)[	The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)□ acce	pted or b)☐ object	ted to by the Exar	niner.				
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the	• • •	•					
11)[	The proposed drawing correction filed on			ved by the Examine	r.			
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.								
12)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.								
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120								
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).								
a)⊠ All b)□ Some * c)□ None of:								
	1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.							
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No							
<ul> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.</li> </ul>								
14) 🗌 A	14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).							
a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received.  15)☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.								
Attachment(s)								
1) Notice	e of References Cited (PTO-892) of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)	4)	-	(PTO-413) Paper No( Patent Application (PTC				

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

#### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 1-6 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over US 5,893,625 (Tamatani et al) in view of US 4,832,467 (Miyagi et al).

Claims 1-5, Tamatani discloses (Figs. 5-6) that a liquid crystal display device comprising first substrate (1a) on which display electrodes (17) (the electrodes must be made of conductive material such as metal and is reflective) is formed; second substrate (1b) arranged opposite to the first substrate (1a); a sealing material (10), interposed between the pair of substrate (1a, 1b), for surrounding, together with the substrates; a liquid crystal injection space formed between the substrates; and liquid crystal deposited into and sealed into the liquid crystal injection space through the injection hole (3); the liquid crystal injection hole (liquid crystal injection portion) is formed in the sealing material (10); a plurality of display electrode (16a,16b,..., 17a,17b,...) are formed on a substrate surface adjacent to the liquid crystal (the liquid crystal is deposited into the liquid crystal injection space).

Tamatani does not expressly discloses that a <u>metal reflective film</u> is formed on a substrate surface, and the metal reflective film is spaced apart from the display electrodes, and the metal reflective film is <u>not formed on the portion of the substrate</u>

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surface adjacent to the injection portion in the sealing material as claimed in claims 1 and 4, or the metal reflective film is formed on a portion of a substrate surface adjacent to the display electrode region, but is not formed on the portion of a substrate adjacent to the drawn electrode region as claimed in claims 2 and 5, or the metal reflective film is not formed on a region of a substrate in which the second drawn electrode and the display electrode of the other substrate are connected to each other on the sealing material as claimed in claim 3.

However, Miyagi discloses (col.4, lines 10-37; Fig.1) that a liquid crystal mirror in which a metal reflective film (26) (such as AL or Cr) is coated on the outside surface of the back substrate (20), and alternatively, the reflective film (26) may be formed on the inside surface of the substrate (20) to underlie the electrode film (22) (must be display electrode), and that would be metal reflective film being spaced apart from the display electrode formed on a surface of a substrate. It was common and known in the art the reflective film would increase the light reflectance and enhance the brightness of the display. In order to enhance the brightness of the display, the reflective film must be formed adjacent to the display region and not to be formed in the non-display region such as the sealing region or in the adjacent region to the liquid crystal injecting portion, so as to distinguish the brightness between the display region and the non-display region.

Therefore, concerning claims 1 and 4, it would have been obvious to those skilled in the art at the time the invention was made to form a metal reflective film on a

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substrate surface as claimed in claims 1 and 4 for enhancing the brightness of the display and distinguishing the display region and the non-display region.

Therefore, concerning claims 2 and 5, the draw electrodes of the display electrodes must be the electrodes terminals. Tamatani discloses (Figs. 5-6) that the electrodes terminals are formed at the edges of the substrates and outside the display electrodes forming region. Such that it would have been obvious to those skilled in the art at the time the invention was made to form the metal reflective film on a portion of a substrate surface adjacent to the display electrode region, but is not formed on the portion of a substrate adjacent to the drawn electrode region (outside the display region) as claimed in claims 2 and 5 for enhancing the brightness of the display and distinguishing the display region and the non-display region.

Therefore, concerning claim 3, the first draw electrode for a display electrode on the one of the substrates must be the pixel electrode terminal on the lower substrate; the second draw electrode for a display electrode on the other substrate must be the common electrode terminal on the upper substrate. Tamatani discloses (Figs. 5-6) that the display electrodes terminals are formed at the edge of one of the substrates.

Because the electrodes terminals are formed at the edge of the substrate would increase the display area. The second draw electrode and the display electrode of the other substrate must be the common electrode terminal and the common electrode on the upper substrate. The common electrode terminal and the common electrode must be connected to each other by an electrode connection means. The electrode connection means must be electrical conductive material such as conductive particles;

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conductive epoxy within the boundary, which seals the liquid crystal, i.e., the electrical conductive means is arranged on the sealing means so as to increase the display area. Such that it would have been obvious to those skilled in the art at the time the invention was made to arrange the metal reflective film is not formed on a region of a substrate in which the second drawn electrode and the display electrode of the other substrate are connected to each other on the sealing material (i.e., non-display region) as claimed in claim 3 for enhancing the brightness of the display and distinguishing the display region and the non-display region.

The limitations in the claims 4 and 5 are redundant. Because the limitations claimed in the claims 4 and 5 were included in the claims 1 and 2.

Claim 6, the electrode connection means consists of conductive particles added to the region constituting the sealing material was common and known in the art.

Because the electrode must connect to the electrode terminal, and the connection means must be electrical conductive material such as the sealing material consists of conductive particles. The electrode connection means arranged on the sealing material would increase the display area, and that would have been at least obvious.

#### Response to Arguments

3. Applicant's arguments filed on Sep.12, 2002 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

### Applicant's only arguments are as follows:

1) The reference Tamatani does not disclose a reflective metal film disposed on

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the surface of the device substrate and the reflective metal surface not be formed on a specific portion of the substrate.

#### Examiner's responses to Applicant's only arguments are as follows:

1) See the explanation of the references Miyagi and Tamitani for the rejection of claims 1-5 above.

#### Conclusion

4. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

5. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

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6. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Mike Qi whose telephone number is (703) 308-6213. The examiner can normally be reached on 349.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, William Sikes can be reached on (703) 308-4842. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are (703) 308-7721 for regular communications and (703) 308-7721 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-0956.

Mike Qi October 30, 2002

VROBERT H. KIM SUPERVISORY PATERIT EXPONER TECHNOLOGY CLISTER 2000

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